

**LECTURE OUTLINE**

Alkaloid Natural Products – Opioid Family – Morphine

- Pharmaceuticals, -kinetics, and -dynamics
- Biosynthesis

HW – Carry out the 9 starred mechanisms using acids (H^+) and bases ($:B$)
– not for credit, but for exam prep!

Poppy – *Papaver somniferum* – “flower of joy”

- Sap from seed pod = crude opium (schedule II drug)
- Central Asia
- Latin America – Columbia & Mexico

Morphium – Greek god of dreams

1803 – Extraction of Morphine

10x more powerful – “miracle drug”
analgesic (pain relief)

1820’s – commercial production (Merck)

1874 – Heroin synthesis from morphine

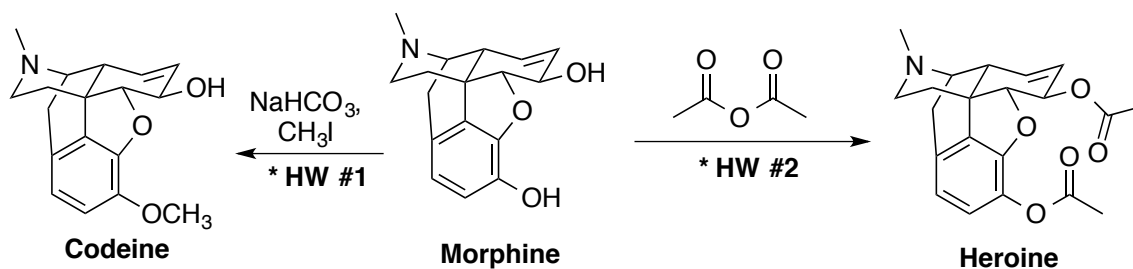
1898 – 1924 - medicinal use of heroine

**DEA Controlled Substances Act (1970)**

“Schedules” based on medical use, abuse potential, and dependence

Schedule I	No currently accepted medical use, lack of accepted safety for use under medical supervision, high potential for abuse	Heroin, LSD, Marijuana, peyote, MDMA
Schedule II	High potential for abuse, several psychological or physical dependence	Dilaudid, methadone, oxycodone, fentanyl, codeine, hydrocodone
Schedule III	Less potential for abuse, moderate-to-low physical dependence, high psychological dependence	Tylenol with <90 mg codeine per dose, ketamine, anabolic steroids
Schedule IV	Low potential for abuse	Xanax, valium
Schedule V	Lower potential for abuse	Cough medicine with <200mg/100mL codeine

<http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/schedules/#define>

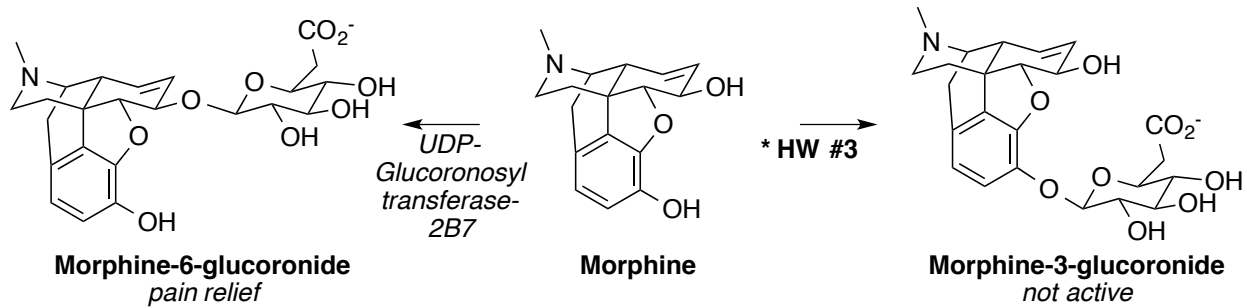


Morphine - Pharmaceutical Phase

- Enteral or parental – IV and inhalation (“chasing the dragon”) most common
 - o Administered as HCl salt

Pharmacokinetics

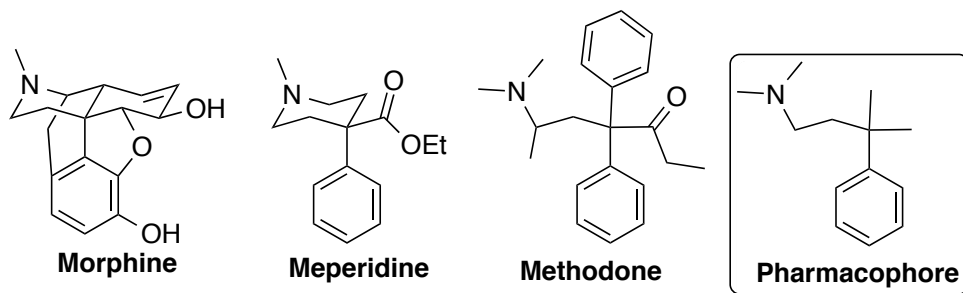
- *Adsorption* – crosses membranes, including BBB
- *Distribution* – detected in plasma after 20 min IV or 30 min oral
 - o 40-50% reaches central nervous system
- *Metabolism* - Subject to first pass metabolism



- *Excretion* - Half-life of 120 minutes

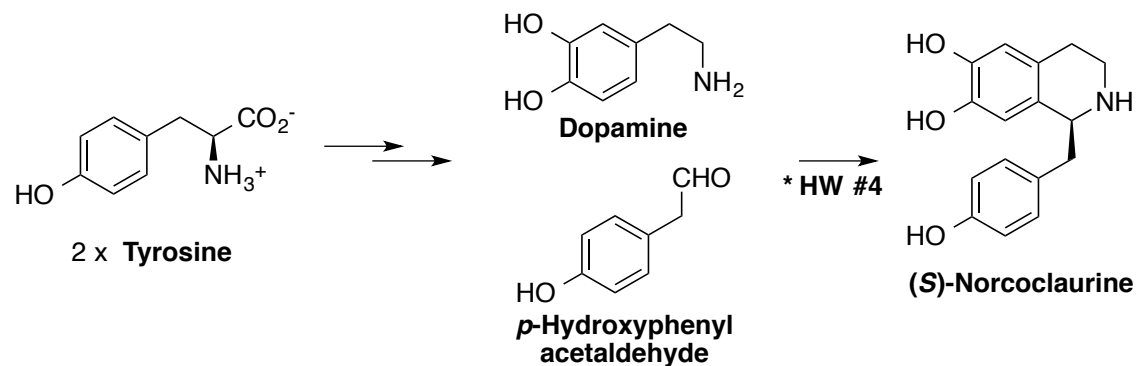
Pharmacodynamics

- Multiple opioid receptors for endogenous opioids (ex. endorphins = “endogenous morphine”)
 - Pain inhibition

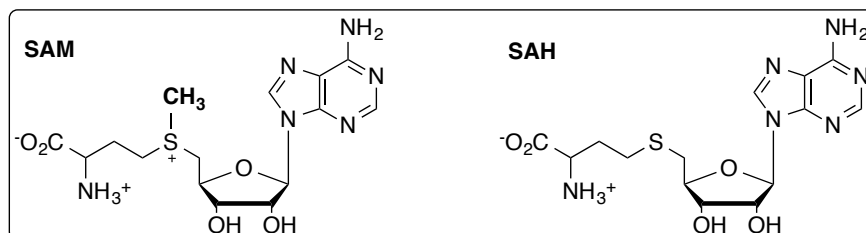
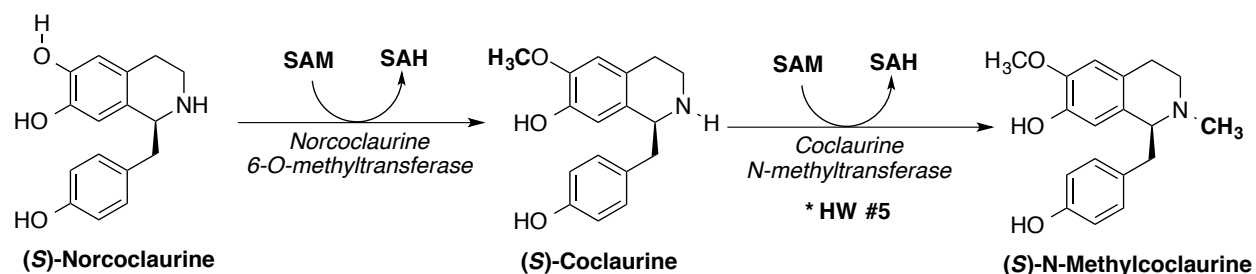


Biosynthesis of Morphine – select reactions

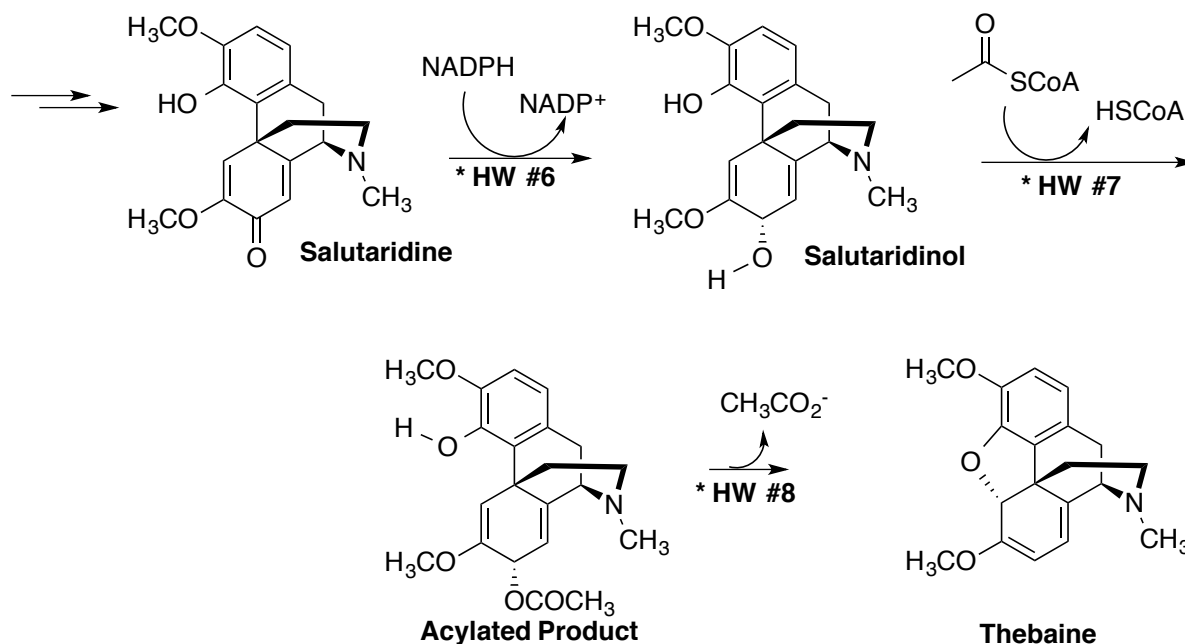
Two Tyrosine derivatives combine for first cyclization step in a process similar to **reductive amination** and **electrophilic substitution** on the aromatic ring.



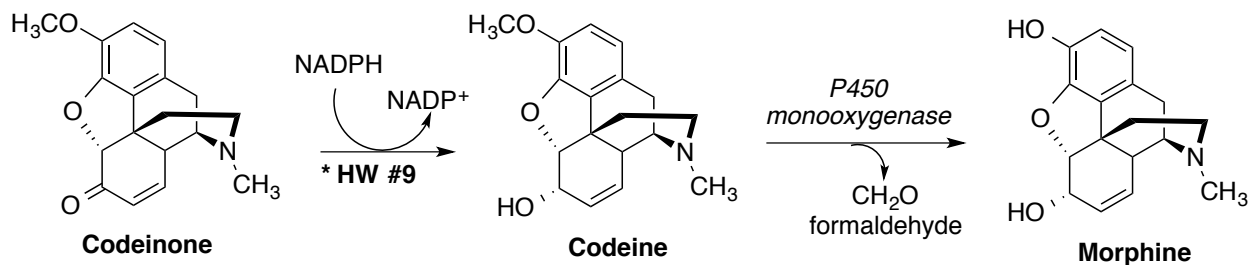
Two consecutive **methylations** are carried out using **S-Adenosylmethionine (SAM)**



(*S*)-*N*-Methylcoclaurine is converted into **Salutaridine**, which is **reduced**, **acylated**, and **cyclized** to form **Thebaine**.



Thebaine undergoes demethylation and reduction to form **Codeinone**, which is subsequently **reduced** to **Codeine** and **demethylation** to produce **Morphine**.



CHEM 109 – What have we learned?...

- **Acid-base** chemistry
- Intuitive **arrow-pushing** (*not* memorizing mechanisms!)
- **Amino acid, carbohydrate, lipid** metabolism and/or catabolism
- **Enzymes**, the perfect synthetic organic chemists!
- Structural characteristics of **DNA & RNA**; **mutations**
- Introduction to **Medicinal Chemistry**

Next time...Q&A – not a review session (BYOQ)

Course evals (eCommons) help me be a better teacher – Please complete soon

- o Constructive feedback – course materials, organization, etc.